

INFRAESTRUCTURAS CONAMA 2016

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Resolución 70/1, de 25 de septiembre de 2015, "Transformar nuestro mundo: la Agenda 2030 para el Desarrollo Sostenible"

Resolución 69/313, de 27 de julio de 2015, relativa a la "Agenda de Acción de Adís Abeba de la Tercera Conferencia Internacional sobre la Financiación para el Desarrollo"

promoción del crecimiento económico inclusivo, la protección del medio ambiente y el fomento de la inclusión social (tributaria 35 veces frente a 4)

ONU Foro anual sobre seguimiento de la financiación (comprobar su eficaz contribución al desarrollo sostenible)

- Son necesarios incentivos para que el sector privado adopte prácticas sostenibles" y fomentar las "inversiones de calidad" a largo plazo (la inversión extranjera directa se concentra en pocos sectores de muchos países en desarrollo, sin llegar a menudo a los países que más la necesitan, y las corrientes internacionales de capital suelen ser a corto plazo)

Mapping of select Addis commitments and actions in support of the SDGs[™]

- * Darker shading signifies higher level of relevance of Addis commitments and actions to the SDGs.
- * Numbers in brackets indicate paragraphs in the Addis Ababa Action Agenda.

	II.A Domestic public resources	II.B Domestic and international priva business and finan	te development	II.D International trade as an engine for development	II.E Debt and debt sustainability	II.F Addressing systemic issues	II.G Science, technology, innovation and capacity-building
Goal 1. End poverty in all its forms everywhere	Social compact (12), progressive tax systems (22),	Financial inclusion (39), remittance costs (40),	ODA focus on those with greatest needs (52), South-South cooperation and poverty eradication (57),	Trade as engine for poverty eradication, to promote productive employment (79),	Consideration of debt relief for countries experiencing shocks (102),	Coordination to reduce spillovers from financial crises (105),	Addressing digital divide (114), research and development of vaccines and medicines (121),
Goal 2. End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition, and promote sustainable agriculture	Increasing public investment in research, infrastructure, pro-poor initiatives (13),	Responsible investments in agriculture (13), support to agricultural banks (39), FDI in agriculture (45)	Coordination of international efforts to support smallholders, women farmers (13),	Correction and prevention of trade restrictions, distortions in world agricultural markets (83),	Borrowing as an important tool for financing SDGs (93),	Measures to ensure proper functioning of food commodity markets (108),	Capacity development for agriculture productivity (115), cooperation for agricultural research (121),
Goal 3. Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages	Investments in public services, including health (12), price and tax measures on tobacco (32),	Foster a dynamic and well-functioning business sector, while protecting health standards (37),	International support to social compact (12), health emergencies (68), strengthening health systems (77),	TRIPS Agreement not to prevent members from taking measures to protect public health (86),	Debt-to-health swaps (102),		Support research and development of vaccines and medicines (121),
Goal 4. Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote life-long learning opportunities for all	Investments in public services, including education (12),		Scaled up international cooperation to allow all children to complete education (78),		Borrowing as an important tool for financing SDGs (93),	Recognition of education of migrants (111),	Scaled up investment in STEM education, enhanced technical, vocational, tertiary education (119),
Goal 5. Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls	Enforcement of non-discriminatory laws (21), gender responsive budgeting (30),	Removing barriers for women's participation in economy (41), equal rights for women to economic resources (41),	Reporting allocations for gender equality (53), development bank safeguards on gender equality (75),	Address specific challenges of women in trade (90),		Gender-based selection of heads of financial institutions (106), ending human trafficking of women (112),	Promote access to technology for women (114), equal access to STEM education for women and girls (119),

Goal 6. Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all	investments in public services, including water and sanitation (12), strengthen capacities of municipalities (34),		International support to social compact (12),		Management of contingent liabilities for infrastructure investment (48),		Capacity building for water and sanitation (115),
Goal 7. Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable, and modern energy for all	Investments in public services, including energy (12), development bank investment in energy infrastructure (33),	Promoting private investment in clean energy technology, increasing share of renewable technology (49),	International support to social compact (12), MDB financing for infrastructure (75),		Management of contingent liabilities for infrastructure investment (48),	Promote investment in clean energy technologies (49), 	Promote investment in clean energy technologies (49),
Goal 8. Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all	Include full and productive employment and decent work for all in national development strategies (18),	Private business as a driver of economic growth and job creation (35),	Lending by MDBs (70),	Trade as an engine for growth (79), regional integration to promote growth (87),	Durable solutions to debt problems to promote growth (99),	Reducing spillover effects of financial crises (104), enhancing global financial and macro stability (105),	Development and diffusion of innovations (114), dissemination of technologies to SMEs (116),
Goal 9. Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation	National development bank lending for infrastructure, industrialization (33), support cities in infrastructure (34),	Overcoming impediments to private investments in infrastructure (47), FDI for structural transformation(45),	Blended finance for infrastructure (54), MDB financing (75),	Integration of SMEs in global value chains (87), 	Management of contingent liabilities for infrastructure investment (48),		Dissemination of technologies for industrial diversification (116),
Goal 10. Reduce inequality within and among countries	Add social compact (12),	Full and equal access to financial services (39), incentivize FDI to LDCs (45)	Focus of concessional resources on those with greatest needs (52),	Special and differential treatment of developing countries in WTO (84),	Workouts from sovereign debt crises (98),	Voice and participation of developing countries in international economic decisionmaking (106),	Development, dissemination and diffusion and transfer of environmentally sound technologies to developing countries (120),
Goal 11. Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable	Strengthen capacities of municipalities and other local authorities, municipal bond markets (34),	Businesses to shift to more sustainable consumption and production pattems (35), FDI to promote sustainable patterns of production, consumption (45),	Strengthen capacity of local actors to manage and finance disaster risk reduction (62),	Combat poaching, trafficking of protected species, trafficking in hazardous waste (92),	Establish or strengthen municipal bond markets (34),	Take account of environmental challenges in enhancing policy coherence (103),	Strengthen scientific, technological and innovative capacity for sustainable patterns of consumption and production (120),
Goal 12. Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns	Corporate transparency, accountability in extractive industries (32), rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies (31),	Incentivize private sector to adopt sustainable practices, foster long-term quality investment (36),	Social and environmental safeguards systems by develompent banks (75),				



institutions (30), ...

Capacity building Meeting climate Rationalize Goal 13. Take for climate services Businesses take finance inefficient fossil fuel Take account of (115), urgent action to account of commitments (60), subsidies (31), cities climate change in development, combat climate change implementing environmental and consider climate. enhancing policy transfer of and its impacts mitigation and disaster resilience in social impacts (37), coherence (103), ... environmentally development adaptation policies sound technologies financing (62), ... (34), ... (120), ... Capacity building Voluntary Commit to Coherent policy, Provide access for Strengthen Goal 14. Conserve Guidelines on for fisheries (115), protecting, and financing, trade and disciplines on small-scale and sustainably use the oceans, seas and increase scientific Responsible restoring, the technology artisanal fishers to subsidies in the knowledge, marine resources for sustainable Governance of health, productivity frameworks to fisheries sector marine resources research, transfer development and resilience of protect, manage Tenure of Land. and markets (108), marine technology (83), ... oceans and marine and restore marine Fisheries, Forests (121), ecosystems (64), ... ecosystems (17), ... (13), ... Strengthen Goal 15, Protect. Sustainable Development. Combat poaching Mobilization of coherence. Coherent policy restore and promote sustainable use of corporate practices, dissemination and and trafficking of financial resources consistency of frameworks to integrating terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably diffusion and protected species, multilateral to conserve and Debt-to-nature protect, manage environmental. manage forests, combat desertification, trafficking in transfer of financial. sustainably use swaps (102), ... and restore social and and halt and reverse land degradation and hazardous waste. environmentally investment... biodiversity and governance factors terrestrial sound technologies halt biodiversity loss and trafficking in environment ecosystems (17), ... into company ecosystems (63), ... (120), ... minerals (92), ... institutions (113), ... reporting (37), ... Goal 16, Promote Coherence of Voice and Strengthen peaceful and inclusive societies for developmental and participation of domestic enabling Commitment to Build transparent, sustainable development, provide access Capacity-building humanitarian finance developing environments, rule strengthening predictable (66), financing for for public finance to justice for all countries in of law, combatting multilateral trade peacebuilding and and administration investment and build effective, accountable and international corruption (20), system (80), ... development in the climates (36), ... inclusive institutions at all levels (115), ... economic decisionsupreme audit post-conflict context

(67), ...

making (106), ...



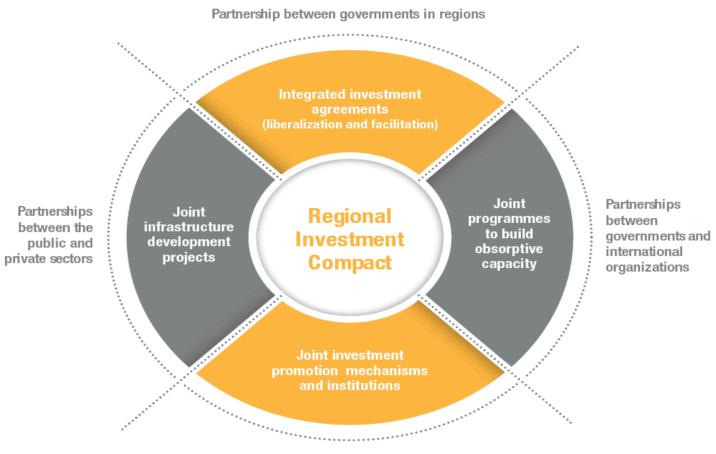
Figure 1
The continuum of public and private financing and the non-financial means for achieving sustainable development

Financial means of implementation	Social services Protecting ecosystems Structural transformation (e.g. infrastructure) Public finance Private finance Employment (e.g. SMEs) Public finance
Non-financial means and enabling environment	Trade, Technology, Capacity Building, Systemic Issues

^{*} The figure is for illustrative purposes only and size of boxes is not representative of magnitudes of flows



Figure 2. Regional Investment Compacts



Partnerships between trade and investment promotion agencies

Source: UNCTAD, adapted from WIR13.



Table 2 Infrastructure Investment Data Sources

		Breakdown			
Name	Investment Data by Sector			Number of Countries Covered	Latest Update and Frequency
World Bank World Development Indicators Database	Yes	Yes	Yes	62	Annually
PPI Project Database by the World Bank	Yes	Yes	Yes	139	Annually
OECD Statistics Database	Yes	Yes	No	34	Annually (Latest in 2013)
UNCTAD FDI Database	Yes	Yes	No	200	Annually
IHS Global Insight Construction Database®	Yes	Yes	Not Disclosed	74	Quarterly
Project Finance International*	Yes	Yes	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed
Pregin Database*	Yes	Not Disclosed	Yes	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed
Dealogic Platform Database*	Not Disclosed	No	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed
Oxford Economics*	Not Disclosed	No	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed
Moody's Global Infrastructure Focus Newsletter*	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed	Monthly
GRESB*	Yes	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed	Not Disclosed
European PPP Expertise Center (EPEC) Market Updates Report	Yes	Yes	Yes	35	Semi-annually (Latest in 2015)
U. S. Census Bureau	Yes	No	No	1	Monthly (Latest in Dec, 2015)
UKHM Treasury Database	Yes	No	No	1	Annually
Canadian PPP Project Database	Yes	No	Yes	1	Not Disclosed
Africa Infrastructure Knowledge Program	Yes	Yes	No	25	Not Disclosed
Infrastructure India Project Database	Yes	No	Yes	1	Not Disclosed

Starred (*) data sources do not allow free access.

Note 1: European Investment Bank (EIR) and other RDRs may have additional data but not released to the public.

Note 2: Only UK Treasury database explicitly presents pure private and public financing data.

Note ≥ "Not Disclosed" because access is based on subscription, or unknown at time of publication.

Note 4: Breakdown information of the data sources requiring subscriptions is given in their marketing materials.



CONCLUSIÓN

Los ODS pueden alcanzarse si se utilizan **todas las fuentes de financiación**: pública, privada, nacional e internacional

así como políticas, normas e iniciativas fiscales eficaces bien orientadas

En particular, en el ámbito de las infraestructuras



MUCHAS GRACIAS

Proyecto CertifcaRSE https://www.ucm.es/proyecto-certificarse/

Grupo de investigación IUS-SustentaRSE http://www.ucm.es/grupos/grupo/774